

DOCUMENTATION CHECKLIST

RESPIRATORY ASSIST DEVICE - E0470

Bi-Level Pressure Capacity WITHOUT Backup Rate

Beneficiary's name or Medicare Beneficiary Identifier (MBI)

REQUIRED DOCUMENTATION

All Claims for E0470 – Initial	Coverage	(1st Three	Months)
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The SWO contains all of the following elements:

☐ Standard Written Order (SWO)

Quantity shipped

O Delivery address

Date shipped

Date delivered

Package I.D. #number

O References each individual package

□ Tracking slip

	= 2011011010111 of the area 201101101111 (11121)	
	☐ Order Date	
	☐ General description of the item	
	 The description can be either a general description (e.g., wheelchair bed), a HCPCS code, a HCPCS code narrative, or a brand name/mode of the passe item, the Standard include all concurrently ordered options, accessories or additional feaseparately billed or require an upgraded code (List each separately) For supplies – In addition to the description of the base item, the DN prescription may include all concurrently ordered supplies that are supplied that the supplies of the prescription is prescription. Quantity to be dispensed, if applicable 	odel number SWO may eatures that are MEPOS order/
	Treating Practitioner Name or NPI	
	☐ Treating Practitioner's signature	
0	The practitioner's signature on the standard written order meets CMS Sign Requirements https://www.cms.gov/Outreach-and-Education/Medicare-Le-MLN/MLNMattersArticles/downloads/MM6698.pdf	
0	Any changes or corrections have been initialed/signed and dated by the ordering practitioner.	
	elivery Documentation	
Direct Delivery	Shipped/Mail Order Tracking Slip	Shipped/Mail Order Return Post-Paid Delivery Invoice
☐ Beneficiary's name	☐ Shipping invoice	☐ Shipping invoice
Delivery address	O Beneficiary's name	O Beneficiary's name
Quantity delivered	O Delivery address	O Delivery address
A description of the item(s) being delivered. The	 A description of the item(s) being delivered. The description can be either a narrative description (e.g., lightweight wheelchair base), a HCPCS code, 	 A description of the item(s) being delivered. The description can be
description can be either a	the long description of a HCPCS code, or a brand name/model number.	either a narrative description (e.g.,



lightweight wheelchair

base), a HCPCS code,

name/model number.

Delivery date

Signature of person

accepting delivery

the long description of a

HCPCS code, or a brand

Relationship to beneficiary

narrative description (e.g.,



lightweight wheelchair base), a

of a HCPCS code, or a brand

Signature of person accepting

Relationship to beneficiary

name/model number.

Quantity shipped

Delivery date

O Date shipped

delivery

HCPCS code, the long description

☐ A common reference number (package ID #, PO #, etc.) links the invoice and

tracking slip (may be handwritten on one or both forms by the supplier)

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NOTE: If a supplier utilizes a shipping service or mail order, suppliers have two options for the DOS to use on the claim:

- Suppliers may use the shipping date as the DOS. The shipping date is defined
 as the date the delivery/shipping service label is created or the date the item is
 retrieved by the shipping service for delivery. However, such dates should not
 demonstrate significant variation.
- 2. Suppliers may use the date of delivery as the DOS on the claim.

Medical Record Documentation

hy	e medical record fully documents symptoms characteristic of sleep-associated poventilation (daytime hypersomnolence, excessive fatigue, morning headache, cognitive sfunction, dyspnea, etc.)
Me	edical records support that the beneficiary has one of the following clinical disorders and eets all coverage criteria for that clinical disorder.
	estrictive Thoracic Disorder
	The beneficiary's medical record documents a neuromuscular disease (for example, ALS) or a severe thoracic cage abnormality (for example, post-thoracoplasty for TB); and The medical record documents ONE of the following: An arterial blood gas PaC02, done while the beneficiary is awake and breathing the
	prescribed FI02, is greater than or equal to 45 mm Hg; or ☐ Sleep oximetry demonstrates oxygen saturation less than or equal to 88% for greater than or equal to 5 minutes of nocturnal recording time (minimum recording time of 2 hours), done while breathing the beneficiary's prescribed recommended FIO2; or
	For neuromuscular disease only,
	The maximal inspiratory pressure is less than 60 cm H2O or
	Forced vital capacity is less than 50% predicted; and
O	The medical record supports that COPD does not contribute significantly to the beneficiary's pulmonary limitation.
Se	vere COPD
0	An arterial blood gas PaC02, done while the beneficiary is awake and breathing the prescribed Fl02, is greater than or equal to 52 mm Hg; and
0	Sleep oximetry demonstrates oxygen saturation less than or equal to 88% for greater than or equal to a cumulative 5 minutes of nocturnal recording time (minimum recording time of 2 hours), done while breathing oxygen at 2 LPM or the beneficiary's prescribed FIO2 (whichever is higher); and
0	The medical record shows that, prior to initiating therapy, Obstructive Sleep Apnea (OSA) and treatment with CPAP has been considered and ruled out. (Note: Formal sleep testing is not required if there is sufficient information in the medical record to demonstrate that the beneficiary does not suffer from some form of sleep apnea (OSA, CSA, and/or CompSA) as the predominant cause of awake hypercapnia or nocturnal arterial oxygen desaturation).
Се	ntral Sleep Apnea or Complex Sleep Apnea
0	Prior to initiating therapy, a complete facility-based, attended polysomnogram was performed.
0	The polysomnogram documents all of the following.
	☐ A diagnosis of central sleep apnea (CSA) or complex sleep apnea (CompSA); and
	☐ There was significant improvement of the sleep-associated hypoventilation with the use of the device on the settings prescribed for initial use at home, while breathing the beneficiary's prescribed FI02.

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Central Sleep Apnea (CSA) is defined as:

- 1. An apnea-hypopnea index (AHI) greater than 5, and
- 2. The sum total of central apneas plus central hypopneas is greater than 50% of the total apneas and hypopneas, and
- 3. A central apnea-central hypopnea index (CAHI) is greater than or equal to 5 per hour, and
- 4. The presence of at least one of the following:
 - Sleepiness
 - Difficulty initiating or maintaining sleep, frequent awakenings, or nonrestorative sleep
 - Awakening short of breath
 - Snoring
 - Witnessed apneas
- 5. There is no evidence of daytime or nocturnal hypoventilation.

Complex Sleep Apnea (CompSA) is a form of central apnea specifically identified by all of the following:

- With use of a positive airway pressure device without a backup rate (E0601 or E0470), the polysomnogram (PSG) shows a pattern of apneas and hypopneas that demonstrates the persistence or emergence of central apneas or central hypopneas upon exposure to CPAP (E0601) or a bi-level device without backup rate (E0470) device when titrated to the point where obstructive events have been effectively treated (obstructive AHI less than 5 per hour).
- 2. After resolution of the obstructive events, the sum total of central apneas plus central hypopneas is greater than 50% of the total apneas and hypopneas; and
- 3. After resolution of the obstructive events, a central apnea-central hypopnea index (CAHI) greater than or equal to 5 per hour.

	Ну	poventilation Syndrome
	0	An initial arterial blood gas PaCO2, done while awake and breathing the beneficiary's prescribed FIO2, is greater than or equal to 45 mm Hg.; and
	0	Spirometry shows an FEV1/FVC greater than or equal to 70% (Refer to Severe COPD section for information about device coverage for beneficiaries with FEV1/FVC less than 70%); and
	0	Beneficiary's condition also meets one of the following:
		An arterial blood gas PaCO2, done during sleep or immediately upon awakening, and breathing the beneficiary's prescribed FIO2, shows the beneficiary's PaCO2 worsened greater than or equal to 7 mm Hg compared to the original result (see first bullet, above, in the Hypoventilation Syndrome section); or
		☐ A facility-based PSG or HST demonstrates oxygen saturation less than or equal to 88% for greater than or equal to 5 minutes of nocturnal recording time (minimum recording time of 2 hours) that is not caused by obstructive upper airway events − i.e., AHI less than 5. (Refer to the Positive Airway Pressure (PAP) Devices for the Treatment of Obstructive Sleep Apnea LCD for information about E0470 coverage for obstructive sleep apnea).
	Ol	ostructive Sleep Apnea (See Positive Airway Pressure [PAP] Documentation Checklists)
All	C	laims for E0470 - Continued Coverage (Beyond the 1st Three Months of Therapy)
	Th	ne medical record contains a re-evaluation on or after the 61st day of therapy. The re-evaluation records the progress of relevant symptoms; and The re-evaluation documents beneficiary usage of the device up to that time.
	Th	the supplier's file includes a signed and dated statement completed by the treating actitioner no sooner than 61 days after initiating use of the device.
	0	The statement declares that the beneficiary is compliantly using the device (an average of 4 hours per 24 hour period); and
	0	The statement confirms that the beneficiary is benefiting from its use.

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	placement E0470 During Reasonable Useful Lifetime Due to Loss, eft or Irreparable Damage
	Documentation that verifies the reason for the replacement (police report, insurance report, fire report, etc.)
Re	placement E0470 Following 5 year RUL
	An in-person evaluation by the treating practitioner that documents the beneficiary continues to use and benefit from the device An SWO for the E0470
	eneficiaries Entering Medicare ontinued Use of Existing Device or Replacement Device)
	An SWO for the E0470 Qualification testing shows that the beneficiary meets current coverage criteria for one of the 4 clinical disorder groups covered under the RAD policy. (Testing may either have been performed prior to Medicare eligibility or following enrollment in FFS Medicare.) The treating practitioner conducted a clinical evaluation following the beneficiary's enrollment in FFS Medicare that documents: The beneficiary has the qualifying medical condition for the applicable scenario; and The testing performed, date of the testing used for qualification and results; and The beneficiary continues to use the device; and, The beneficiary is benefiting from the treatment.
Re	fill Request for Non-Consumable Supplies
	Beneficiary's name or authorized representative if different from the beneficiary A description of each item that is being requested Date of the request Documentation that describes the functional condition of the item(s) being refilled in sufficient detail to demonstrate the cause of the dysfunction that necessitates the replacement Contact did not take place sooner than 14 days prior to the delivery/shipping date Delivery was no sooner than 10 calendar days prior to end of usage for the current product
	placement of Accessories During the 13-month capped rental period for the AD device:
	Medical record documentation that supports the initial coverage requirements for the RAD device (see clinical disorder groups with associated criteria located in the MEDICAL RECORD DOCUMENTATION section)
	e following additional criteria must be met when replacing accessories during months 4-13 of exapped rental period for the RAD device:
	Documentation that supports the continued coverage requirements for the RAD device (see ALL CLAIMS FOR E0470 – CONTINUED COVERAGE (BEYOND THE 1ST THREE MONTHS OF THERAPY) section)
Re	placement of Accessories for Medicare-Paid, Beneficiary-Owned RAD device:
	For claims for replacement accessories (e.g., interfaces, tubing, filters, humidifier chambers), if Medicare paid for the base RAD device initially (i.e., for 13 months of continuous use), the medical necessity for the beneficiary-owned base RAD device is assumed to have been established.
	Documentation that the base DME item continues to meet medical need The replacement of specific accessories or furnishing of new accessories remain medically necessary and are essential for the effective use of the base DME.

Continued Medical Need for the equipment/accessories/supplies is verified by either:

A refill order from the treating practitioner dated within 12 months of the date of service
under review; or
A change in prescription dated within 12 months of the date of service under review; or
A medical record, dated within 12 months of the date of service under review, that shows
usage of the item

REMINDERS

- Where permitted, KX must be added to code E0470 and codes for the accessories.
- For claims for the first through third months, the KX modifier must not be used on claims unless all RAD coverage criteria are met, and all required documentation has actually been obtained and entered into the supplier's file.
- For claims for months four through thirteen, the KX modifier can only be used on claims if both the "Initial Coverage" criteria and "Continued Coverage" criteria have been met. See the RAD LCD for detailed information about use of the KX modifier.
- If all the coverage criteria have not been met, the GA or GZ modifier must be added to
 the code. When there is an expectation of a medical necessity denial, suppliers must
 enter GA on the claim line if they have obtained a properly executed Advance Beneficiary
 Notice (ABN) or GZ if they have not obtained a valid ABN.
- · Claim lines billed without a KX, GA, or GZ modifier will be rejected as missing information.
- Items with no physician or other licensed health care provider order must be submitted with an "EY" modifier added to each affected HCPCS code.

ONLINE RESOURCES

- DME MAC Supplier Manual
 - JB: https://www.cgsmedicare.com/jb/pubs/supman/index.html
 - JC: https://www.cgsmedicare.com/jc/pubs/supman/index.html
- Local Coverage Determinations (LCDs) and Policy Articles
 - JB: https://www.cgsmedicare.com/jb/coverage/lcdinfo.html
 - JC: https://www.cgsmedicare.com/jc/coverage/LCDinfo.html

NOTE: It is expected that the beneficiary's medical records will reflect the need for the care provided. These records are not routinely submitted to the DMERC but must be available upon request. Therefore, while it is not a requirement, it is a recommendation that suppliers obtain and review the appropriate medical records and maintain a copy in the beneficiary's file.

DISCLAIMER

This document was prepared as an educational tool and is not intended to grant rights or impose obligations. This checklist may contain references or links to statutes, regulations, or other policy materials. The information provided is only intended to be a general summary. It is not intended to take the place of either written law or regulations. Suppliers are encouraged to consult the *DME MAC Supplier Manual* and the Local Coverage Determination/Policy Article for full and accurate details concerning policies and regulations.